

École Red Bluff/Lhtako Elementary September 2023 Newsletter

Dahooja Parents/Guardians,

Welcome back from Summer Break!

KINDERGARTEN REGISTRATION

We are still taking Kindergarten registrations for September 2023. Please come in to the school and fill out a registration package. We require two pieces of ID for the student (Birth Certificate & Care Card) and proof of residence. If you have any questions or concerns, please contact the office at 250-992-2613 and we will be happy to help!

FIRST DAY OF SCHOOL!

School starts at 8:25am. We will be having Welcome Assembly in the gym first thing for Grades 1 through 7. We will have a very quick introduction and get kids into classrooms as soon as possible.

Reminder that Wednesday, September 6, 2023 is an early dismissal day and students will be dismissed at 11:28am. Buses will be running but kids will be dropped off early. If your child is a bus student, expect your child to be dropped off 3 hours earlier than regularly scheduled.

Supervision starts at 7:50am, otherwise there is no supervision on the playground prior to 7:50am.

KINDERGARTEN

Welcome Kindergarten parents to ERBL community! We are excited to have your children join our school. The first day for Kindergarten is full of excitement but can be a bit overwhelming for everyone. To help make this transition as smooth as possible we are inviting parents to join their children in their classroom. You will meet with teachers and help your kiddos get settled into their new room. At that point, we will invite the parents down to the gym to meet with school staff, learn a little bit about the school community and participate in a voluntary survey on services in the community of Quesnel.

Your children have been divided into two groups: Group A and Group B. Please see the attached schedule. If you are unsure of what group your child has been placed in please call the school between 8:00 and 3:00pm and the office will be happy to help.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES

A more specific school supply list will be provided by teachers, however if you need support with purchasing supplies, please let the school know. See attached for general supply list.

LUNCH PROGRAM

The lunch program will begin on Monday, September 18, 2023 this year. Please come to the office and fill out a form if you wish your child to be on the district lunch program. Also, see attached.

BREAKFAST CLUB

Breakfast Club is available between 7:50am and everything is packed up in the gym by 8:20am. We encourage students to be here at early to get something to eat before it's all gone. No sign up required.

NEW WEBSITE

Please check out our new website for everything ERBL! You will find our Events Calendar, Announcements, News Stories, Transportation Information, School Supply lists and much more! Please bookmark this page as Facebook will be phased out by September 15, 2023. <u>https://redbluff.sd28.bc.ca/</u>

FACEBOOK PAGE

Please note, we will be using our Facebook page to direct parents/guardians to our new website where all ERBL information is located. Facebook will be phased out by September 15, 2023.

POLICIES

Please see attached, Communication Protocol, Fair Notice Policy and our Code of Conduct.

ALLERGIES

At this time, ERBL is nut aware. There will be certain classrooms that need to be nut free, if your child is in one of these classrooms, you will be notified.

SCENT FREE ENVIRONMENT

Reminder that ERBL Elementary is a Scent Free environment.

STUDENT REPORTING

Reporting for students has changed. More information will follow. Please check the website for updated information.

BEAR AWARE

Quesnel's influx of bears this year is unlike anything in recent memory. School is starting next week and we know that many students walk or bike to school. This is a good time to have regular conversations with your children about bear and wildlife awareness. Some tips are for kids to walk directly home after-school to check in with you, to walk in groups, make noise and to not eat snacks while walking or riding. Children should not approach any wildlife.

HEALTH & WELLNESS

Reminder to parents/guardians to please do a health check of your student before sending them to school if they are feeling unwell. Please stay home to rest and get better before returning!

TRANSPORTATION

Please ensure students have their bus passes ready when they are getting on the bus. We are still waiting on replacement passes for some students but if you require one, please call 250-992-8361 or email <u>transportation@sd28.bc.ca</u> to have a replacement card printed.

IMPORTANT UPCOMING DATES:

We have a lot of upcoming dates so please take a look at the attached Events Calendar on our website as well.

Sept 4 – Statutory Holiday – Labour Day

Sept 5 – Non-Instructional Day – No School

- Sept 6 First Day Back to School! Early Dismissal
- Sept 20 Regular Board Meeting at DAO
- Sept 30 National Day for Truth and Reconciliation



Attendance Schedule Group "A"

Sun	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Sat
3	4	5 No School Non- Instructional Day	6 No school	7 Group A 8:25-11:00am Parents CHEK 8:25-9:00am	8 No school	9
10	11 Group A 8:25-2:28pm	12 No school	13 Group A 8:25-2:28pm	14 No school	15 No school	16
17	18 Group A & B 8:25-2:28pm	19 Group A & B 8:25-2:28pm	20 Group A & B 8:25-2:28pm	21 Group A & B 8:25-2:28pm	22 Group A & B 8:25-2:28pm	23

September 2023

General Information:

- Kindergarten is in session from 8:25 2:28 pm. The bell rings at 8:25 am each morning.
- Your child will need a <u>healthy waste free snack and lunch</u> each day. Water is always available to your child at the filtered water fountain. Children <u>MUST</u> bring a water bottle.
- In the mornings, at the beginning of the year, please stay with your child until the bell rings. Students will line up just outside of the Kindergarten door.



Attendance Schedule Group "B"

Sun	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Sat
3	4	5 No School Non- Instructional Day	6 No school	7 No school	8 Group B 8:25-11:00am Parents CHEK 8:25-9:00am	9
10	11 No school	12 Group B 8:25-2:28pm	13 No school	14 Group B 8:25-2:28pm	15 No school	16
17	18 Group A & B 8:25-2:28pm	19 Group A & B 8:25-2:28pm	20 Group A & B 8:25-2:28pm	21 Group A & B 8:25-2:28pm	22 Group A & B 8:25-2:28pm	23

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CODE OF CONDUCT

The purpose of Ecole Red Bluff/Lhtako's code of conduct is to establish and maintain a safe, caring and orderly school that will enable purposeful learning and positive social development for all students

Expected Behaviours

At École Red Bluff/ Lhtako students are taught expected behaviours following the school beliefs. Students are reminded to show expected behaviours. They learn that when they do unexpected behaviours, it affects how other people feel and think about them and may have negative consequences. While our emphasis is on teaching, encouraging and recognizing appropriate student behaviour, we also have to plan for situations where students do not behave appropriately. It is expected that all students will comply with the rules and regulations of École Red Bluff/Lhtako and that school staff, in a kind, firm and judicious manner, will administer intervention and correction. This applies to all situations related to school, including: travel to and from school; in classrooms; in the school building and on school grounds; at school functions and on school buses. If an incident occurs outside of school hours, or off the site that could have a negative impact on students at the school, it may be dealt with by either the classroom teacher or the principal.

We believe

- effective discipline is about teaching the students to be kind and caring citizens.
- in focusing on ways to fix the problem and <u>taking action</u> to make amends for the incident.
- In teaching students ways to face up to their mistakes- that is how we learn
- in the importance of working together and involving parents in planning for the success of their children

Cooperation - get along with each other, play safely, share with others, follow the rules, be friendly, be fair, work together, do what adults ask without talking back, help others when needed

Acceptance - appreciate differences in others, look past outer appearance, let others join in with games and activities, seek out new friendships, show people you care, encourage others, let others have a turn

Respect- behave in kind ways, treat others the same as you would like to be treated, be polite and use manners, listen to others, care for your belongings, the school and the environment, obey adults in school

Responsibility- care for and look after each other, show sportsmanship, think first, stand up when someone is

being treated unkindly, use proper talk, do your work to the best of your ability, be a good role model for others, be trustworthy, be reliable, take on a helping role in your classroom, school or community, accept responsibility for your mistakes.



Unexpected behaviours are those that do not follow the school beliefs

These are behaviours that interfere with learning of others, interfere with an orderly school, or are unsafe. Teachers have the discretion of dealing with a situation in the classroom before referring the student to the office. At École Red Bluff/Lhtako we use MXEd to track individual and school-wide student behaviours. The Principal or Teacher in Charge makes a record of the incident, the event and the action taken.

Minor Behaviours

- * Cheating and lying
- * Inappropriate or unsafe behavior
- * Non-compliance
- * Rudeness
- * Disrespecting others
- * Swearing
- * Teasing
- * Inappropriate language
- * Bystander to bullying

- * Pushing and hands-on
- * Possession of replica weapons
- Cell phone or camera use during school hours
- Inappropriate use of computers
- * Snowball rock throwing
- * Absenteeism
- * Talking out of turn
- * Defacing school property
- Dress code violation (no footwear; obscene or inappropriate slogans, gang or hate related; sexist or homophobic; with drug or alcohol references, dangerous or revealing clothing)

Major Behaviours

For persistent minor behaviours the classroom teacher will have already contacted the student's parent. Major behaviours are referred directly to the Principal or Teacher in Charge. In the case of serious <u>offenses</u> the Principal or Teacher in Charge, will make every effort to have the parents involved with the school before interventions are finalized.

- * Persistent minor behavior
- * Consistent pattern of defiance or non-compliance
- * Vandalism
- * Theft
- * Threats
- * Fighting
- * Fieldtrip misbehavior
- * Swearing at others
- * Off school grounds

- <u>* Bullying</u>
- * Racism
- * Weapons
- * Smoking
- * Bystander encouraging bullying
- * Sexual behaviour
- * Drugs/Alcohol
- * Harassment
- * Acts of retaliation
- * Electronic/web bullying including sending or forwarding inappropriate text messages or emails
- * Behaviour that disrupts the learning of others and is unsafe for that child or others



Possible actions or consequences could include:

- Child Sent to the office Meeting with the principal where the child will have a <u>problem</u>. <u>solving</u> conversation. The principal may require that the student complete a <u>problem solving</u> sheet, do a written or verbal apology; including what and why they did it, how the other person may have felt and what they would do next time, or complete community service specific to the infraction. Developing caring <u>behaviours</u> is part of our discipline process. Depending on the incident it may also include confiscation of property.
- Time-out: If the situation is appropriate, a student may be assigned a time-out, in or outside of class. A student may be excluded from the school routine with the knowledge of the parent.
- Lunch Hour/Recess Restriction: A student's free time may be restricted if they are assigned an in-school suspension, where a student attends classes as usual, but is assigned a time-out during free time periods. A student may also be restricted as a consequence of being unable to behave appropriately without supervision. Time-outs of this type are usually served in or near the office.
- Parent Contacted: A student's parents will be contacted by telephone if a type of <u>behaviour</u> or situation is becoming common or persistent for this student. A teacher or principal may contact the parent.

Or if the incident is more serious: Fighting, smoking, assault, violence, threats of violence, bullying (physical aggression, social alienation, verbal aggression, intimidation), weapons, alcohol, drugs, vandalism, <u>harassment(</u>intimidation, racial or sexual), disrespect of an adult in the position of authority, etc

- Sent Home: When a child's behavior is out of control to the point they are a danger to
 themselves or others, or they are not complying with adult requests in the building, they may be
 sent home under their parent's supervision. Upon the student's return they will be expected to
 meet with the principal with an idea of how to make amends for their behaviour, possibly a
 formal apology or plan of how to avoid repeating the same behaviour in the future.
- Restitution Students, parents and other parties may be invited to participate in mediation or a
 restorative justice circle to allow all parties to air their feelings and begin to heal the
 relationships. This develops an understanding of the impact of the offence on the victim and their
 family. If a student victimizes another student or property damage occurs, the offending student
 must provide adequate compensation. This requires effort on the part of the offender and
 discourages further offences.
- Referral to the School-Based Team: A student may be referred to the School-Based Team if further intervention by the School Counselor or Youth Care Worker is warranted, or functional assessment of the student's <u>behaviour</u> is necessary to develop an individual behavior plan for the student.
- Suspension: A student may be suspended from school for serious incidents as listed above. The
 Principal may suspend students out of school for definite periods up to ten (10) days according to
 School District policy #305. In extreme cases, the Principal may suspend for an indefinite period,
 with a resulting referral to the District Code of Conduct.



- Removal: Under section 177 of the School Act of British Columbia, the Principal, Vice-Principal
 or designate in charge of the school is authorized to require the removal of any person creating a
 disturbance or interrupting the proceedings of the school or school function. (including students,
 former student, parents, or community members)
- Notification: Depending on the situation, the Principal, or TIC may have the responsibility to
 advise other parties of serious breaches of the Code of Conduct. For example:
 - Parents of student offender(s)
 - Parents of student victim(s)
 - School District Officials as required by District Policy
 - Police and/or other agencies as required by law
 - All Parents when deemed to be important to reassure members of the school community that the school staff are aware of a serious situation or incident and are taking appropriate action to address it.

Considerations: Each incident be treated on its own merit and will take into consideration

- * Age and maturity of student
- * Severity of incident

* Frequency of behaviours

* Special needs of students involved

Bullying is:

- When a person is the target, over time, with repeated negative actions.
- When one person has more power, so the person being victimized feels that they can't defend him/herself
- When a person, who is the target, may feel embarrassed, hurt, scared, and/or angry.
- Rooted in forms of <u>discrimination such</u> as racism, sexism, homophobia, and rejection of people with disabilities or talents

Acts of bullying may include:

- physical aggression (pushing, grabbing, hitting, pinching, spitting, tripping)
- social alienation (gossiping, embarrassing others, homophobic or ethnic slurs, excluding others)
- verbal aggression (name calling, put-downs, swearing at others, threatening others)
- cyber-bullying (emails, chat rooms, text messages), retaliation against someone who has reported bullying

For a comprehensive definition of Bullying Behaviours see the following link on the School District #28 Website <u>http://www.sd28.bc.ca/district/departments/studentservices/bullying</u>

École Red Bluff/Lhtako promotes the values expressed in the BC Human Rights Code respecting the rights of all individuals in accordance with the law — prohibiting discrimination based on race, colour, ancestry, place of origin, religion, marital or family status, physical or mental disability, sex, gender identity and expression or sexual orientation.



Amended: May 1, 2006, January 2012, January 2017 Reviewed: April 2021

SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 28 (QUESNEL)

COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

Steps to Resolving Conflict:

The following guidelines have been developed to support respectful communication when concerns arise. It is expected that every attempt will be made to resolve concerns at the school level; or level closest to the concern.

If at any time, you need advice you can seek assistance/support in this process from:

- School Staff
- School District Office Staff (992-8802)
- School Parent Advisory Council Chairperson
- Trustees (992-8802)
- Web site www.sd28.bc.ca

Finding a Resolution:

Identify the Concern

Try to resolve the concern:

 Begin at the school level between the concerned parties.

To help you do this:

- Focus on the student's needs.
- Define the real issue: What is needed and wanted?
- Make an appointment to see the person with whom you have a concern. Set a mutually satisfactory date and time.

- Prepare for the meeting make notes, plan.
- Bring a support person if you desire, (inform the person with whom you meet).
- Respectfully, address your concern.
- Together, explore possible options and select the best solution.

Make a plan for resolution and success:

Set up an action plan with times, dates and follow-up.

Seek Assistance

- ⇒ If the issue is not resolved, or an action plan is not successful, seek assistance from the Principal after informing the other party of your intent to do so.
- ⇒ If the issue concerns the Principal and you have not had success through the initial portion of this process, contact a Director of Instruction or the Superintendent of Schools at 992-8802 for assistance or support in resolving the issue.

If the issue remains unresolved after accessing assistance or support from a Director of Instruction or the Superintendent of Schools, contact the School Board using the Appeal Process (Bylaw No. 1). Call the School District Secretary-Treasurer at 992-8802 for information on the appeal process.

General Information

All concerns should be addressed. If you feel that you cannot approach the individual involved, please contact your school principal for assistance.

If you require more information please contact the School District Administration Office at 992-8802. The Quesnel School District believes that this Communications Protocol, developed by the School Board in partnership with the QDPAC, QDTA, QPVPA, CUPE Local 4990, and District Administration, will aid in a respectful and mutually satisfying resolution to problems and concerns.

The Communications Protocol Committee, under the direction of the Board of School Trustees, is committed to improving communications in the District. This is an on-going process and from time to time the established protocol procedures are reviewed. Your comments are welcomed.





Notice to our Students and Parents/Guardians/Caregivers

Quesnel School District Threat Assessment Protocol

The Quesnel School District and our community partners are committed to having safe, caring and inclusive schools. In the event that a student makes a threat of violence or harm to other students, staff or the school community, the school will initiate the Quesnel School District threat assessment protocol.

Violence, Threat and Risk Assessment Protocol

In the event of a serious threat to the wellbeing of students or staff, A Violence, Threat and Risk Assessment Protocol will be initiated.

A threat is an expression of intent to do harm or act out violently against someone or something. They may be verbal, written, drawn, posted on the internet or made by gesture. Threats must be taken seriously, investigated and responded to.

What is the purpose of a threat assessment?

- · to ensure the safety of all students, staff, parents and others
- to ensure a full understanding of the context of the threat.
- · to understand factors contributing to the threat makers' behaviour
- to be proactive in developing an intervention plan that addresses the emotional and physical safety of the threat maker
- to promote the emotional and physical safety of all

What behaviours initiate a VTRA?

A VTRA will be initiated when behaviours include, but are not limited to, serious violence with intent to harm or kill, verbal/written threats to harm/kill others, Internet website/social media threats to harm/kill others, possession of weapons (including replicas), bomb threats, and fire setting.

Duty to report

Staff, parents, students and community members have a duty to report all threat-related behaviours to keep our school community safe.

VTRA Team

Our school has a multi-disciplinary threat assessment team. The team includes principal, vice-principal, district staff, school counsellors and police.

What happens in a student threat assessment?

After a report, the principal will activate the protocol for initial response. The team is activated and interviews may be held with the student(s), the threat maker, parents and staff to determine the level of risk and develop an appropriate response to the incident. Intervention plans will be developed and shared with parents, staff and students as required.

Can someone refuse to participate in a threat assessment process?

It is important for all parties to participate. If someone is reluctant to participate for some reason, the threat assessment process will continue in order to keep our school safe.









The CHEQ is a questionnaire completed by parents and caregivers at the start of the Kindergarten school year. It helps teachers, school administrators and community partners to provide and improve targeted supports for children and families.

The CHEQ is used to:

- · Develop district and community-wide programs and policies;
- Better understand the early experiences of children and families; and
- Improve classroom planning and school programming.

The CHEQ includes questions about children's experiences with language and numeracy, nutrition and sleep habits, activities at home and in the community, and access to and use of resources and services.

The CHEQ at a glance \bigcirc

- Completed by parents and caregivers at the beginning of the school year.
- Completed online at school or home.
- Takes approximately 30 minutes to complete.
- Gathers information on children's experiences that are important to their healthy development and well-being. Includes COVID-19 related guestions to help us understand the secondary impacts of the pandemic on children and families.
- Information is summarized in individual. classroom, school and district reports.
- Used by schools and communities to provide targeted supports and services to children and their families.



The CHEQ can be used in schools and districts to:

- Plan for the school year.
- Determine school programming needs.
- Better understand individual children's needs.

The CHEQ can be used in community to:

- Provide targeted supports and services to children and their families.
- Make decisions about programming and services that families want and need.
- Understand barriers to accessing community health services, recreation activities and childcare.

The CHEQ asks parents and caregivers about:



Physical Health & Well-Being

Their child's experiences related to physical health and overall wellbeing including daily physical activities, routine health care check-ups, nutrition and sleep habits.



Language & Cognitive

A variety of experiences that influence their child's language development and cognition, including reading, storytelling, engaging in conversation and pretend play, rhyming, using pens and pencils, counting and sorting, painting and more.



Social & Emotional Experiences

Different social experiences their child may have had before Kindergarten, including playing with other children, sharing and helping others. In addition, parents/caregivers are asked about opportunities their child may have had to talk about their emotions and the emotional experiences of others.



Early Learning & Care

Their child's experiences in non-parental care arrangements and preschool, as well as challenges faced when looking for care. They are also asked about their child's experience with intervention programs and supports.



Community & Context

Their perceptions of neighbourhood safety, opportunities for children to play outside in their neighbourhood, social support networks and whether neighbours can be counted on to look after children.

The Human Early Learning Partnership

The Human Early Learning Partnership (HELP) is a research institute based at the University of British Columbia. For over 20 years HELP has worked in partnership with schools and school districts across British Columbia to gather population-health data related to healthy child development. The CHEQ is one of a family of tools that can be used as part of HELP's child monitoring system. The information collected is shared with schools and communities to support children and their families.



If you have any questions about this project, please contact the CHEQ Project team:

604.822.3361 cheq@help.ubc.ca earlylearning.ubc.ca

CHEQ it Out! earlylearning.ubc.ca/cheq/

